



# GAM

## RESEARCH

## PRESENTS



### Gas usage during war in Ukraine

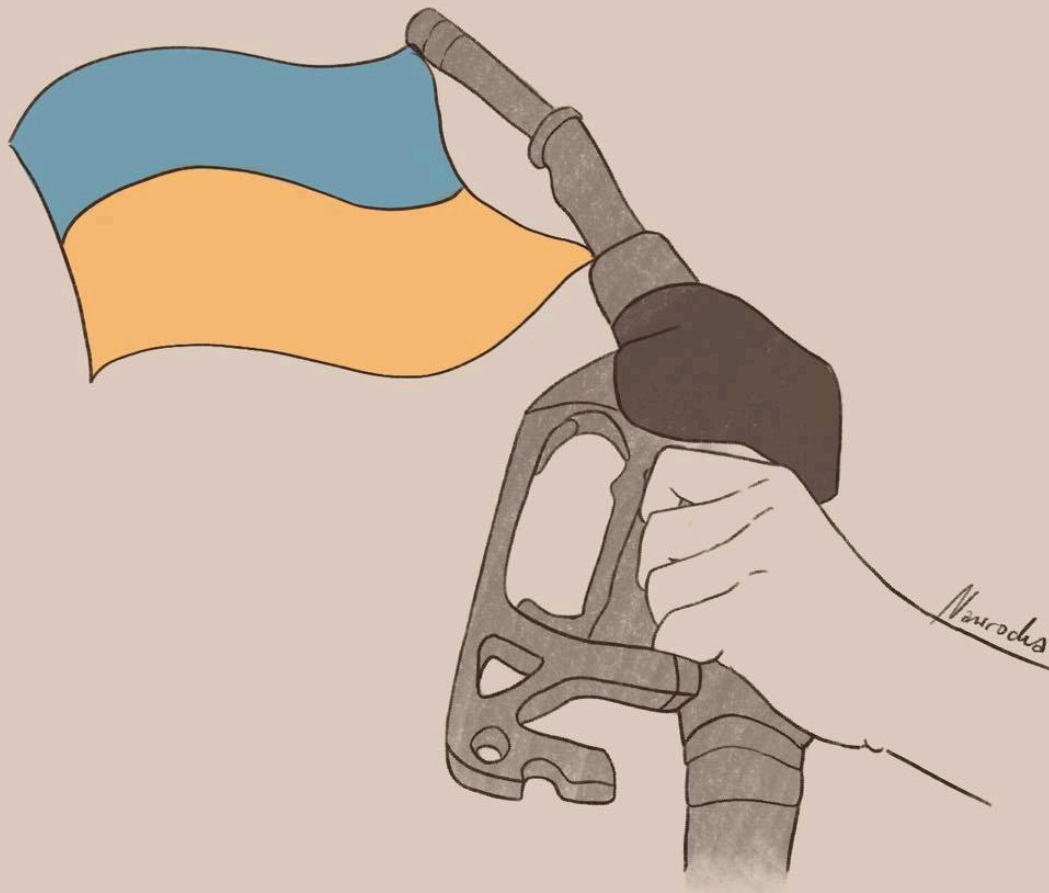


illustration inspired by the ALABAMA  
MEDIA GROUP





GAM Research is a part of the Global Awareness Movement. It is an initiative that combines all of our research work in one place. You can find all data, statistics and knowledge we have gathered while working on our projects here. We believe it is extremely important to explore deeply what we are passionate about as it is the best way to learn. This whole process is done in collaboration with experts from different fields, which allows us to maintain professionalism while discovering new things in a creative way.

-Karolina Sosnowska



An interesting pooling exercise by Zofia Jaczyńska was part of the Global Awareness Movement. It examines what people think about necessary changes in consumer behavior following energy crisis on the global gas market caused by unprecedented Putin's aggression against free Ukraine. We know that the role of gas is vital and that Russia is using budgetary resources from sales of energy resources to fuel the war, but when it comes to concrete actions we too often think "it is not my business." That was shown in the sequence of questions in the pool made by Zofia and interestingly it one more time supports the well known NIMG phenomenon of social responses to emergency and changes in general. Well done Zofia, increasing Awareness is of prime importance.

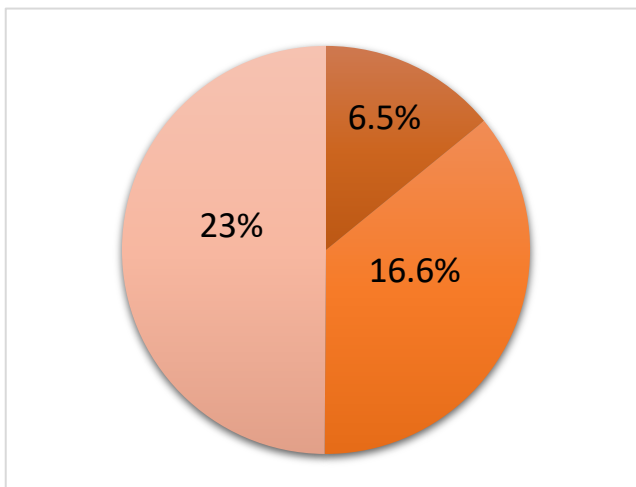
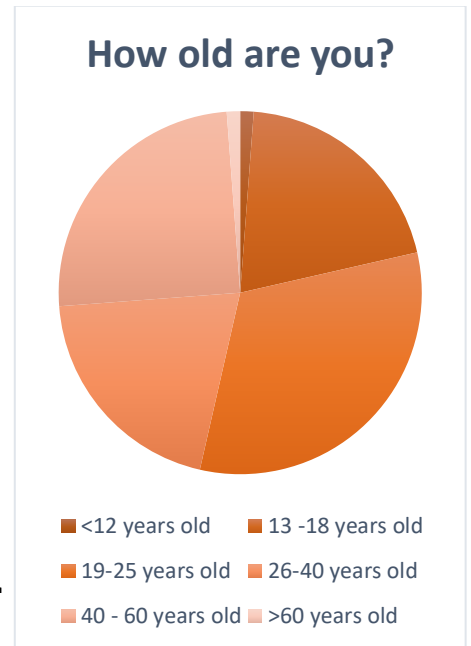
Igor Mitroczuk, PhD Econ

Leon Koźmiński Academy, Warsaw, Poland

# Report on survey about gas usage during war in Ukraine

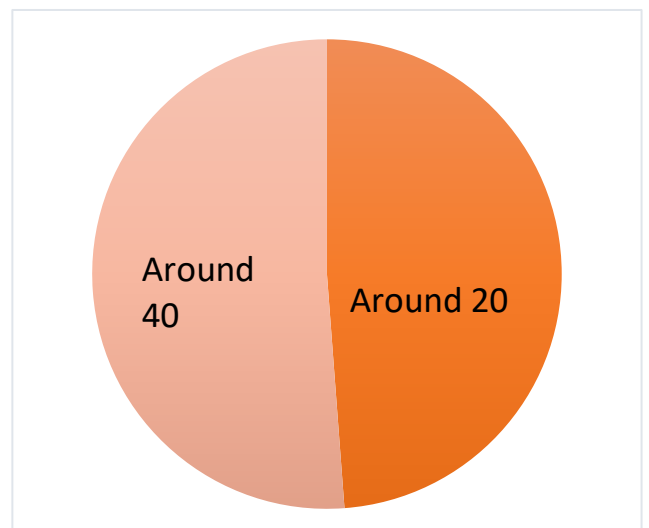
by Zofia Jaczyńska

The goal of this project is to investigate the awareness of the energy crisis caused by the war in Ukraine. The survey addressed mainly to young people gives access to their perspective on the existing situation. I have been collecting answers from my survey for about two months. I was able to get answers from different age groups. The biggest number of people that answered were young adults ages 19 to 25 (around 32%), the second group after that were people from 40 to 60 years old. All of participants were from Europe.

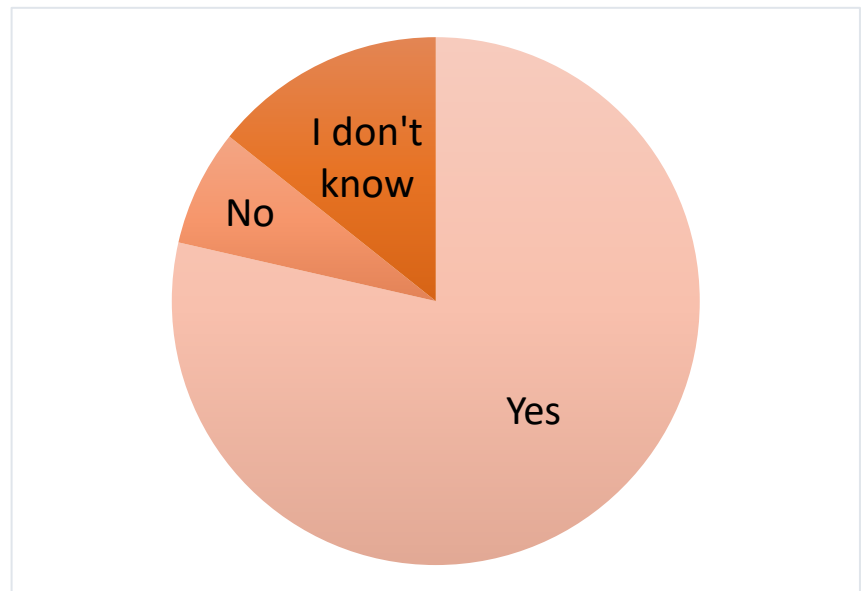


The first important question was: „How many percent of the world’s gas production comes from Russia? (2020)”. The correct answer was 16.6%, chosen by 40% of participants, the most common answer was 23%.

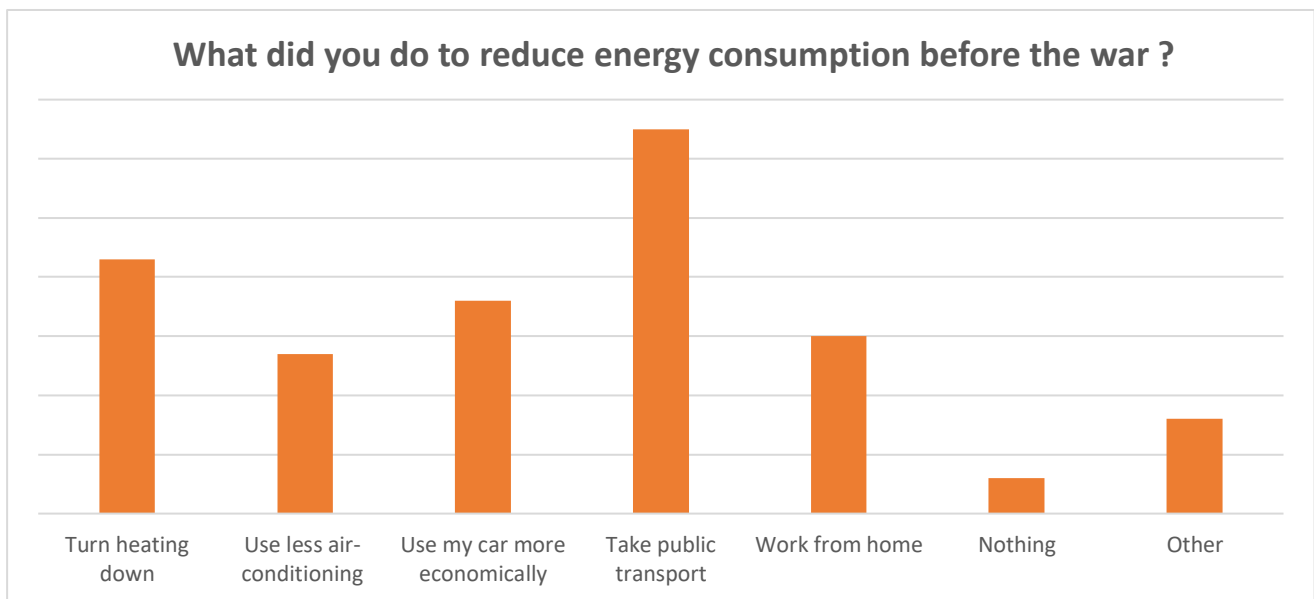
Another question „How many countries bought gas from Russia before war?”, respondents were divided between two options. 49% of participants selected „Around 20” and the correct answer „Around 40” was chosen by 51% of questionnaires. None of the respondents chose “Around 5”.



Moving on to the next question asked was „Do you think we should stop using gas from Russia because of war?”, vast majority answered positively. What is shocking almost 10% of responders said „no”.

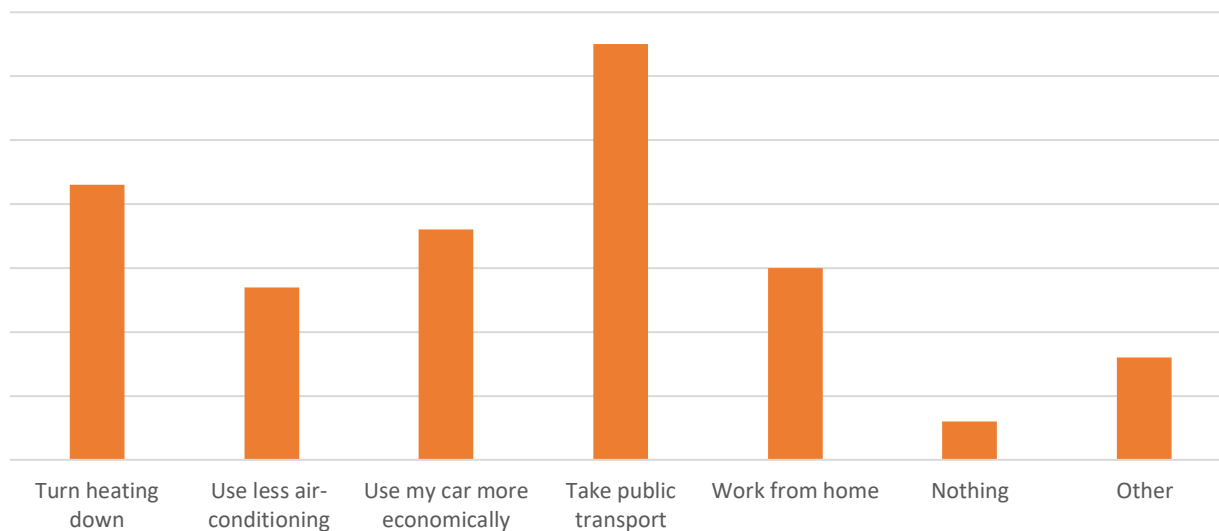


Next question was multi-choice, participants were asked to check all answers containing actions they undertake to reduce energy consumption before the war. The most popular respond was „take public transport, walk, ride a bike, more” chosen by 72% of corespondents. Less than 1% of questionnaires marked the answer „nothing”.

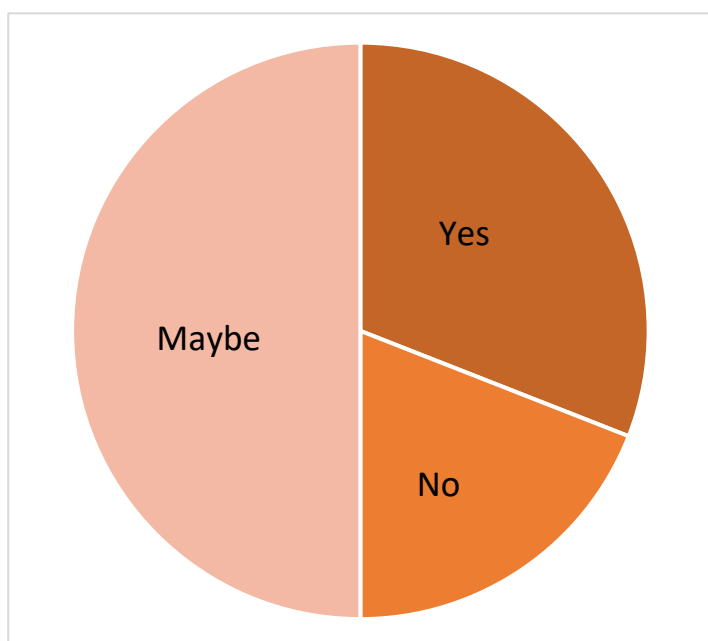
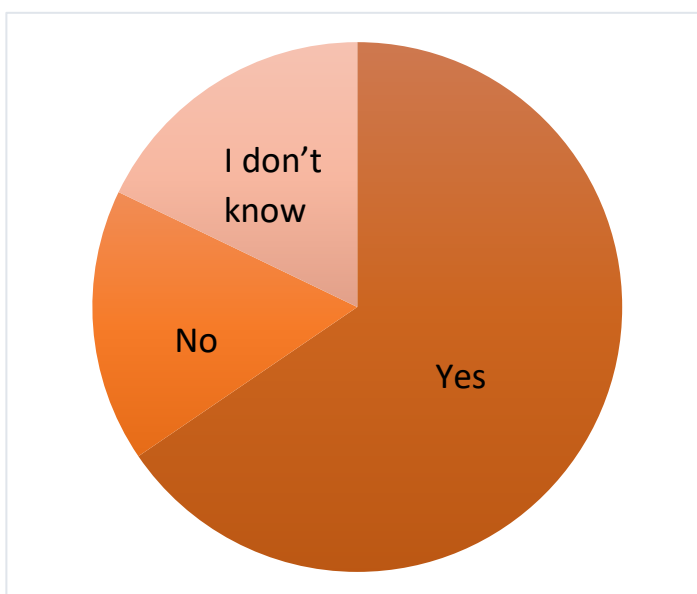


Sixth and seventh questions are probably the most interesting, both being related to two previous queries. First of them was almost identical to question 5 „What are you doing to reduce energy consumption after the war?” what is intriguing the number of participants who chose the answer „nothing” slightly increased and all of the respondents who chose that answer replied no to question about stopping the use of gas from Russia. Almost all of the questionnaires gave the same response as in the previous question.

### What are you doing to reduce energy consumption after the war?



Following query „Do you think changing your routine can help reduce energy reliance on Russia?”. 65% of respondents selected „yes”. However, considering the answers to the two previous questions those participants do not plan to change their behavior.



Last question was „After completing the survey, do you plan to change something in your routine?”. Surprisingly most of the questionnaires said „maybe” and more than every 5th responded „no”. Given the answers to the last four questions, the answer to the latter differs from the conclusions that could be drawn from previous queries.